The new RawData, Wire and Hit objects or, "what have you done with my data"

Gianluca Petrillo, Erica Snider

University of Rochester/Fermilab

MicroBooNE IIT Workshop, January 7th, 2015





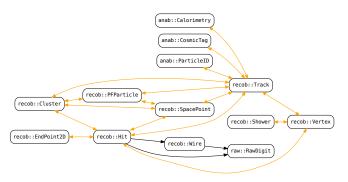
Outline

- Introduction
- Changes
 - raw::RawDigit
 - recob::Wire
 - recob::Hit
- Summary

Data products review

LArSoft comprises about 40 classes that can be serialized into ROOT files ("data products").

Here the largest block of interconnected products is shown:



Class relationships are expressed through *data members* (as art pointers) and *associations* (a separate data product).

The review process

These products are currently being reconsidered:

- do they still reflect useful concepts?
- do they still meet experiments' current needs?
- do they look flexible enough to accommodate future needs?
- can they read outside an art environment?

The review process is such organized:

- there is a lot of discussions with code authors
- we collect the ideas and synthesize proposals
- opposals are evaluated by a specific meeting with experiments and framework representatives
- often, it's GOTO 1
- finally, it's time to implement them

Planned changes

These data products are identified as revision candidate:

```
raw::RawDigit removing pedestal information

recob::Wire removing art dependency

recob::Hit removing art dependency, changing some data

members

recob::Cluster adding a few data members, removing a few

others

recob::EndPoint2D splitting into a geometric 2D point class and a

reconstructed class

recob::Track redesigning the concept, splitting in different classes
```

raw::RawDigit

- RawData::fADC became private
- RawData::fPedestal is candidate for removal: its information should ideally come from a database
- documentation shows some usage example and precise definition of data members

fADC	replaced by ADCs () (read-only)
fSigmaPedestal	removed

Memento!

raw::RawDigit data is often compressed: uncompress it with

```
std::vector<short> uncompressed_digits(rawdigit->Samples());
raw::Uncompress
  (rawdigit->ADCs(), uncompressed_digits, rawdigit->Compression());
```

(raw::Uncompress() is defined in RawData/raw.h)

recob::Wire

- Wire::fRawDigit was removed
- Wire::Channel() was added
- Wire::fSignalType was removed
- documentation updated

recob::Wire class is now art-independent. Consequences:

- no direct way to connect to the original raw::RawDigit
- constructors are changed (no raw::RawDigit pointer any more)

recob::Wire: pointer removal

- art pointer to raw::RawDigit has been removed from recob::Wire
- prescription: a producer creating recob::Wire from
 raw::RawDigit should also create their 1-to-1 association
- CalWire-like modules in LArSoft, uboonecode and Ibnecode have been updated to produce this association
- the pointer was used (almost?) exclusively to get channel number;
 now can be accessed directly as recob::Wire::Channel()
- channel number has now its own data type, raw::ChannelID_t
 (defined in SimpleTypesAndConstants/RawTypes.h); a
 special constant raw::InvalidChannelID represents... an
 invalid channel ID
- do you still need the original raw::RawDigit?
 I am working to write some generic (meaning also somehow inefficient) code to get blindly from a art::Ptr<recob::Wire> to its associated raw::RawDigit...

recob::Wire:raw::RawDigit access

In the meanwhile, an efficient wire loop:

```
// if you have the wire handle from the event...
art::ValidHandle
creation
art::ValidHandle
creation
const&
wire
awDigit
association
from the same module
art::FindOneP
craw::RawDigit>
RawDigits
(Wires
event
CalWireModuleLabel
const
wire
wires
>size(); ++iWire

// this is the wire
recob::Wire
const
wire
wire
art(iWire);
// ...
and this is the associated RawDigit
art::Ptr<raw::RawDigit>
const
pDigit
RawDigits
>at(iWire);
// ...
// ...
} // for
```

Requires:

```
#include <art/Framework/Core/FindOneP.h>
#include "art/Framework/Principal/Handle.h"
#include "RecoBase/Wire.h>
#include "RawData/RawDigit.h>
```

Warning: slide code! not compiled, might be just wrong

recob::Wire: construction

- constructor has become simple, taking a list of all data members
- for convenience, a wire creation helper is also provided

From uboonecode/uboone/CalData/CalWireROI_module.cc:

```
art::Ptr<raw::RawDigit> digitVec; // pointer to the original RawDigit
std::unique_ptr<std::vector<recob::Wire>> wirecol; // future product
std::unique_ptr<art::Assns<raw::RawDigit,recob::Wire>> WireDigitAssn;
recob::Wire::RegionsOfInterest_t ROIVec; // signal regions of interest
// create the new wire directly in wirecol
wirecol->push_back
  (recob::WireCreator(std::move(ROIVec), *digitVec).move());
// add an association between the last object in wirecol
// (that we just inserted) and digitVec
if (!util::CreateAssn
  (*this, evt, *wirecol, digitVec, *WireDigitAssn, fSpillName))
 throw art::Exception(art::errors::InsertFailure) /* ... */;
} // if failed to add association
```

The helper recob::WireCreator is defined in:

```
#include "RecoBaseArt/WireCreator.h"
```

recob::Wire: "but | want..."

RawDigit()	gone; see previous slides
RawDigit()->Channel()	use Channel ()
SignalType()	really?? anyway see below

To get the signal type you need the geometry information:

```
recob::Wire const& wire; // ... filled with a real wire
// geo::SigType sigType = wire.SignalType(); // removed!!
art::ServiceHandle<geo::Geometry> geom;
geo::SigType sigType = geom->SignalType(wire.Channel());
```

Requires:

```
#include "SimpleTypesAndConstants/geo_types.h"
#include "Geometry/Geometry.h"
#include "RecoBase/Wire.h"
```

Same Warning: slide code! not compiled, might be just wrong

recob::Hit

- removed some ambiguously defined data members, added some replacements for them
- added some new ones: RMS(), DegreesOfFreedom(), ...
- Hit::fRawDigit and Hit::fWire were removed
- documentation updated

recob::Hit class is now art-independent. Consequences:

- no direct way to connect to the original raw::RawDigit and recob::Wire
- constructors are changed (no raw::RawDigit nor recob::Wire pointer any more)

recob::Hit:times

- StartTime() and EndTime() have an ambiguous definition
- ullet the code usually seems to expect them to be $\emph{t}=\emph{t}_{
 m peak}\pm\sigma_{
 m hit}$
- most common use: (EndTime() StartTime()) /2.): peak half-width
- second common use: tick time range for time matching

New approach:

- StartTime() and EndTime() ambiguous: removed!
- ullet enter RMS (), related to hit width (σ for Gaussian hits)
- also, and *mostly unrelated*: added Signal(): the waveform portion the hit was extracted from
- also add signal range time extremes, StartTick() and EndTick(), in TDC count units

recob::Hit: pointer removal and construction

- same situation as for recob::Wire: simple constructors...
- for convenience, a hit creation helper is also provided

Code from larreco/HitFinder/GausHitFinder_module.cc:

```
produces<std::vector<recob::Hit>>();

Listing 1: In module constructor: equivalent to produces<>() (old code)
```

evt.put(std::move(hcol)); // put the data product into the event

recob::Hit: pointer removal and construction

- same situation as for recob::Wire: simple constructors...
- for convenience, a hit creation helper is also provided

Code from larreco/HitFinder/GausHitFinder_module.cc:

```
recob::HitCollectionCreator::declare_products(*this);

Listing 3: In module constructor: equivalent to produces<>()
```

```
recob::HitCollectionCreator hcol(*this, evt); // data product proxy
art::Ptr<recob::Wire> wire; // original wire
art::Ptr<raw::RawDigits> rawdigits; // original rawdigit
// create a hit with HitCreator
recob::HitCreator hit(
  *wire, wid, startT, endT, RMS[dd], MeanPosition[dd],
 MeanPosError[dd], Amp[dd], AmpError[dd], Charge[dd], ChargeError[dd],
  SumADC[dd], NumOfHits[dd], dd, FitGoodness[dd], FitNDF[dd],
  std::vector<float>(signal.begin() + startT, signal.begin() + endT)
  );
// move the hit into the product and associate it
hcol.emplace_back(hit.move(), wire, rawdigits);
hcol.put_into(evt); // put the data product into the event
```

recob::Hit: construction (commentary)

- recob::HitCreator helper class makes creation of new recob::Hit roughly similar to the old one
- pointers to raw::RawDigit and recob::Wire have been removed, therefore...
- prescription: a producer creating recob::Hit should also produce associations to its recob::Wire and raw::RawDigit, as proper
- a class, called recob::HitCollectionCreator, simplifies the creation of a recob::Hit data product together with its (optional) associations
- both declared in lardata/RecoBaseArt/HitCreator.h
- HitFinder-like modules in LArSoft, uboonecode and Ibnecode have been updated (checks needed!)

recob::Hit: other additions

Additions:

- there may be multiple hits in the same time range: we allow each hit to know
 - how many hits are reconstructed in that range (Multiplicity())
 - which of them this one is (LocalIndex())
- Channel (): ID of the channel the hit is on
- DegreesOfFreedom() of the hit finding process (pairs with the existing GoodnessOfFit())
- SummedADC(), plain sum of the ADC counts covered by the hit (in contrast with Integral(), that is typically a direct fit parameter)

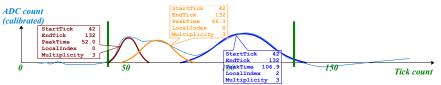


Illustration of a train of hits (multiplicity: 3) in the same region of interest

recob::Hit: "but | want..."

RawDigit(), Wire()	both gone (see above)	
RawDigit()->Channel()	use Channel ()	
Wire()->RawDigit()->Channel()		
Charge(), Charge(false)	\Rightarrow Integral()	
Charge(true)	\Rightarrow PeakAmplitude()	
StartTime(), EndTime()	see above, but also:	
StartTime()	maybe PeakTimeMinusRMS()	
EndTime()	maybe PeakTimePlusRMS()	
SigmaStartTime()	removed, not replaced	
SigmaEndTime()		

I ask the authors of hit finder algorithms to verify and correct:

- fLocalIndex (most often I just plugged in a −1)
- fStartTick, fEndTick
- fSignal: did I get the right signal vector?
- fNDF
- fSummedADC (usually $\sum_{k=\text{fStartTick}}^{\text{fEndTick}}$ fSignal_k)

Wait a moment... won't this break the existing data?

Time line:

- this revolution will render the existing data unreadable, a textbook example of breaking change
- testing of the new classes should start immediately after this workshop; you are welcome to start it today!
- changes to recob::Cluster will be discussed and summarized during this workshop
- we are preparing a draft implementation of a proposal for recob::Track
- we want MicroBooNE to be able to use the new classes in your next Monte Carlo Challenge (end of January 2015)

This is still a very ambitious goal.

Status

- changes to raw::RawDigit, recob::Wire and recob::Hit
 are in a published branch: feature/DataProductRevision
- that code compiles, but checks by the respective code authors and testing are due
- a itemized status is available on the web: https://cdcvs.fnal.gov/ redmine/projects/larsoft/wiki/DataProductsArchitectureActionItems
- there is still plenty of room for changes
- Eric Church will help with testing; but checks from the authors are still needed!
- err... did I mention that authors of the algorithms should verify the changes make sense?
 - No, really: there are a lot of placeholders in the code, that you will want to replace with real information

Outlook

- we are reviewing the main reconstruction data products
- we have a partial implementation in place; working fast on the rest
- as you may have overheard by now, we ask the help of algorithm authors to complete the work
- we also need the experiments to actively scrutiny the changes under discussion

Additional material

The other example: recob::Track

The track object (recob::Track) has some problems:

- lacks a definition about density of trajectory points
- contains elements that are algorithm-dependent
- is able to host Bézier tracks only by a (ugly) hack

A proposal, under discussion, consists in:

- leaving in recob::Track only general track properties: start and end point, intermediate trajectory points, track quality
- prescribing by policy the trajectory point density
- delegating the continuous representation to another object (recob::Trajectory)
- moving the momentum estimation into a new object (recob::Momentum)
- binding all these objects with associations

Example of direct use of data in another framework

Say that your favourite framework has a data model where all data classes inherit from TDataObject (may be even ROOT's TObject). You can define a base class:

```
#include "ArtlessFW/TDataObject.h"
#include "RecoBase/Hit.h"

template <typename Data>
class TDataWrapper: public Data, public TDataObject { /* ... */ };

namespace wrapped {
   class Hit: public TDataWrapper<recob::Hit> { /* ... */ };
}
```

- wrapped::Hit includes the very interface of recob::Hit
- ... plus additional methods that you care to define specifically for it
- you are using the original lardata/RecoBase/Hit.h[.cxx]
- you might even read directly from the art tree into wrapped::Hit
- * I haven't tried the limits of this model, but it might even work (if I were sure, this slide would not be in the appendix!)

The current proposal: raw digits and wires

The review has so far focused on six data products.

raw::RawData: straight readout from DAQ

• removal of pedestal information, still under discussion

recob::Wire: calibrated and filtered signal on a channel

- removal of art pointers
- addition of channel ID member
- removal of SignalType()

The current proposal: hits and clusters

recob::Hit: deposition from a particle on a wire

- removal of art pointers
- removal of unused information
- addition of hit width (RMS)
- more precise definition of start and end times (now defined in TDC tick units), peaks and integrals

recob::Cluster: set of hits from the same particle

- removal of unused information (dQ/dx)
- addition of shower/track discriminating variables
- more things being discussed

The current proposal: tracks and 2D end-points

recob::Track: reconstructed path of a ionizing particle

A lot of discussion ongoing... implementing multiple classes:

- a discrete track, result of the tracking fit
- a trajectory, continuous representation of the particle path
- a momentum describing the initial impulse of the particle
- additional classes will hold results specific to the algorithms

recob::EndPoint2D: a point on a wire plane

Still under discussion. Split into:

- a geometric object: just two coordinates
- an object result of a reconstruction algorithm (with goodness of fit etc.)